



# Canyon Log

## Topo Definitions



Other

An unusual anchor which is clarified on the topo map



Ghosted

A permanent feature is present that can be used to build a temporary, retrievable system



Start / End

The best entrance and exit point of the canyon



Escapes

An emergency escape point which isn't exposed or perceived as obviously risky.

Canyon  
Parking

The advised parking location, closer parking may be available but deemed unsuitable.

Water Level  
Indicator

For reference to water levels in the canyon, **use your own judgment and use this as a rough guide.**

Private/  
No Access

Area that should be avoided, often used when complaints have been made about canyoneers.



Shallow

A pool which most adults can touch the base of when standing up.



Deep

A pool which most adults can't touch the base of when standing up.



Hydraulic

A pool which is strong enough to hold a canyoneer in moderate flow



Undercut

A pool which flows under rock, with the potential to cause a hazard to canyoneers.



Syphon

An object which is causing flow to go on an obscure path with the potential to cause a hazard to canyoneers.



Trap

A pool that has the potential to trap a canyoneer, usually a large eddy.



Pour over

A pool that has enough force to potentially wash a canyoneer over the edge.



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Topo Continuation

Displays where the joins match up on the topo.



featureless  
Section

No significant elements are present in this section.



Hazard

A specific hazard that is worth mentioning, described on the topo.



Bridge

A man made bridge that may vary in size.



Inescapable walls

A deep section of the canyon that cannot be escaped.



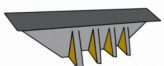
Profile

Show a rough guide as to the gradient of the decent.



Chockstone

A significant bolder that is wedged to form a choke stone.



Dam

A dam of some form, which may or may not release high levels of water down the river.



Rock fall

An area which is at higher than usual risk of rock fall.



Log Jam

Formed of at least one wedged log that is of significant size to cause some difficulty to cross.



Entrapment

A high risk area of entrapment.



Tributary

A significant body of water that flows into the canyon



Cave

A cave formation, which is deeper than 1m



Arch

A natural arch formed in the rock.



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## Topo Definitions

<b>TR</b> True Right	The right hand side of the canyon when looking down stream.
<b>TL</b> True Left	The left hand side of the canyon when looking down stream.
<b>A</b> Abseil	A section which can be descended with rope.
<b>J</b> Jump	A section which can be jumped at normal flow, check pool depth first.
<b>S</b> Slide	A section which can be slid, *may require a rope.
<b>DC</b> Down Climb	A section that can be descended without a rope.
<b>m</b> Height	The hight of a drop in metres.
<b>(A/J/S) 3</b> Sequence	The order of abseils (1st abseil is A1, 2nd is A2).
<b>HL</b> Hand Line	Used to aid difficult down climbing however the group don't abseil on or clip in to it.
<b>SL</b> Safety Line	A safety line is required when an exposed traverse is necessary to reach an anchor or safer terrain.
<b>GL</b> Guide Line	A tensioned rope that keeps the canyoneers away from hazard on a decent.
<b>DEV</b> Deviation	An anchor that deviates the abseil away from a hazard mid decent.
<b>ZL</b> Zip Line	A tensioned rope that can be descended without a descender, landing area is usually a deep pool.
<b>FL</b> Fixed Line	A rope/wire/chain that is left in place to assist with a descent.

Abbreviations with ▲ mean potentially hazardous I.E. DC▲